U. S. CIRCUIT COURT-DEC. 23. - Before Judge SMALLEY.

23.—Before Commissioner BETTS.

ALLEGED MUTINOUS CONDUCT—ALLEGED CRUEL

ALLEGED MUTINOUS CONDUCT—ALLEGED CRUEL
AND INHUMAN TREATMENT.
United States agt. Thomas McCarthy
agt. Geo. G. Fietcher.
These were cross-charges and have been
previously reported. The first energe was made against
McCarthy, by Capt. Berry of the steamer Guiding Star,
for alleged mutinous conduct off the harbor of Pernambuce, Bruzil. When these vidence in that charge had been
given, the Commissioner reserved his decision until he
had heard the evidence in the charge made by McCarthy
against the first mate for alleged ernel and unusual
punishment. After the conclusion of this evidence, the
Commissioner discharged both defendants on the ground
that the charges were not sustained.

INTEGERING CASE OF WILLIAM MUERAY, DISTILLER,
AN REGORNLYN.

manificatured. Prior to S. Pit. 1, 1986. The class was again reported to the Collector of the Third District, and a seizure was made and a keeper placed in pessession. On the sciure of Devlin's pagers Nov. 17. It was discovered that notwithstanding the seizure Murray had been running without interruption, and had sold 11 barrels of whisky to Pevin. On Dec. 4 his place was again seized by Collector Wood and a keeper placed in possession. Twenty hog-sheads of molasses were found on the place at the time. It now turns out that Murray continued to run his distillery notwithstanding this seizure, the keeper acting as Superintendent, and his run 15 hog-sheads of molasses, making at least 1,300 gallous of whisey. On the 27th, the District Attorney heard that Murray was ramping, and he sent word to Collector Wood to that effect. Notwithstanding this, new mankes were made on Thursday and again on Friday, and the still continues in operation. On Friday the District Attorney caused a warrant to be fested against Murray and on Saturday he was arrested and brought up before Commissioner Newton. It is understood that on Friday he paid \$250 to the Collector as a settlement of the case. It further appears that the owner of the property, one Conway, did from October to Nov. 17, sell a very large amount of liquur to Devlin. The case is set down for hearing before Commissioner Newton this morning at 10 o'clock.

der to show cause for a peremptory mandamus to Stephens and Darrugh, the President and Assistant Commissioner of the Croton Aqueduct Board, to induct Mr. Brudey, who was appointed by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen on the 7th of December, into the office of President of the Board.

sur, aswrence, for the relator, argued that the provisions of the act for an alteration of the charter of New-York in regard to the Croton Aqueduct Department was unconstitutional, that purpose not being stated in the like of the act. It was further argued that if it was constitutional the plain and direct reading of the act could not apply to the President of the Board, but only to the Engineer and Assistant Commissioners.

Mr. Marsh, who appeared on behilf of Mr. Stephens, argued that these proceedings were not the process.

where the constitutionality of the law was brought in question; with regard to Mr. Darragh, it was peculiar, he being Assistant Commissioner and that not being the office in dispute.

Mr. Justice Ingraham stated that he had considered the point and regarded Mr. Darragh as a project pairty.

Mr. Marsh argued that the writ could only be justified if Mr. Bradley had a better title to the office than Mr. Darragh. The question at issue was the title to the office. The proper method of trying the question was by information in the nature of que scarraine. It was not the practice of the Court to interfere by mandamus where there was another afternate their by mandamus where there was another afternate their in the constitutional sense local orgativate: the pronoun their in the clause referred to the Board as a body, and not simply to the Engineer and Assistant Commissioner.

The substance of the argument of Mr. Hutchins, who followed for Mr. Darragh, was substantially the same.

Mr. Brady contended in reply that it was only where the party in office had some color of right that the rule against a mandamus issuing would apply: it would not read the act to see that the defendants had no right whatever. There were no disputed facts in the case. The construction of the act, as contended for by the defendants, was such a forced one that the Court could not entertain it. The Court reserved its decision.

IMPORIANT QUESTION OF PRACTICE—THE COLUMBIAN INSURANCE COMPANY.

In re Edward Rowe et al.

The petitioner in this case the susured in the Columbian Insurance Company, and gave premium notes. The Company having failed, the Receiver commenced said on these notes. The petitioners, on the other hand, had claims against the Company to nearly the extent of their notes. Fearing, however, that they could not properly set up these claims in the action, they petitioned the Supreme Court to compel the Receiver to allow them as a set-off. It was argued to opposition to the motion that the occurs the premium so in the insurance. Interes

A. W. Speer, for petitioners; Mr. Dudley Field, for respondents.

THE NATIONAL BANK NOTE COMPANY QUARRELS. Fitch Shepard et al. agt. George H. Danforth et al. The motion in this case arose out of an action relating to the stock of the National Bank Note Company, on which, it will be remembered, two actions were recently tried. The question is simply whether the parties to the original contract for forming the company, being dead, their representatives have a continuing right. Mr. Justice Ingraham delivered the following opinion as the case: "I am clearly of the opinion that the contract terminated by the death of some of the parties. The whole object of the agreement was defeated by that event. No inutuality existed afterward, and the provision that the parties should be equal in all respects, and should hold no less than three-fifths of the stock, could not be carried out. It was a personal engagement not binding the representatives of the deceased, and no part of it could be enforced except the third article as to the survivors. And even that action would be inoperative to a certain extent, because it sontemplated that all should share in any stock purchased; whereas, the representatives of the deceased could have no right so to do.

If not, there could be no equal partnership, because the surviving parties would have the right to more than one-seventh of the stock so purchased, and then the purchaser would retain his own share and that of his deceased associates. I think the contract is at an end.

The injunction was, therefore, improperly granted, and should be dissolved. Ordered accordingly.

Evarts, Southmayd and Choate for defendants; Stanly and Laydell for plaintiffs.

SUPREME COURT-CHAMBERS-DEC. 29.-Before Justice

MASON.

In re the petition of Thomas M. Wheeler et al—Petition denied with costs.

Pitch Shepard et al. agt. Geo. Q. Danforth et al—The finanction was improperly granted, and should be dissolved. In re the petition of Edward Rowe et al.—Order to be entered allowing the receiver to make adjustment, &c. George F. Keller agt. Pierson S. Mattox.—Motion denied.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS-SPECIAL TERM-DEC. 29.-Before Judge Cardozo. PARTNERSHIP LAW.
Leighton Plus agt. Marous Ormobee.
This action was tried before a Jury on framed

the theorem is new made by the parasett for a t, who asks for an accounting up to the present bjections were made by the different to this he judgment, upon the ground that the proposed ag should be had only to F-b. 2, 1858, when the exparated, and no longer. The following is the

George F. Shea and W. E. Rogers for plaintiff. Emerson & Goodrich for defendant.

DECISIONS,
John Graham agt. John H. McCunn.—Order granted. Chas. Carr et al. agt. The Great Western Ins. Co.—See memorandum with clerk.

CHAMBER.—Before Judge CARDOZO.

THE LORD BOND FOIBERY.—wM R. BARCOCK ADMITTED TO BAIL.

The case of Wm. R. Babsock, one of the defendants in the Lord Rond Robbery and who is clarified with having received \$46,000 of the stolen honds, was before the court on Saturday on a motion by his counsel to have him admitted to ball.

A similar motion was made in the Supreme Court Chambers a short time since, but was denied by Mr. Justice Insers a short time since, but was denied by Mr. Justice Insers a short time since, but was denied by Mr. Justice Insers a short time since, but was denied by Mr. Justice Insers a short time since, but was denied by Mr. Justice Inserts a short time since, but was denied by Mr. Justice Inserts a short time since, but was denied by Mr. Justice Inserts a short time since, but was denied by Mr. Justice Inserts a short time since, but was denied by Mr. Justice Inserts a short time since, but was denied by Mr. Justice Inserts a short time since, but was denied by Mr. Justice Inserts a short time since, but was denied by Mr. Justice Inserts a short time since, but was denied by Mr. Justice Inserts a short time since the same and t

mitted to ball.

A similar motion was made in the Supreme Court Chambers a short time since, but was denied by Mr. Justice Ingraham, on the ground that the application should be made to the court from which the commitment issued.

In the argument on Salurday, it was contended that the commitment of Mr. Bahcock without ball, was unconstitutional under the statute, providing that parties shall be admitted to ball where the case is ballable. It was also argued that the evidence upon which the indictment was found, was insufficient to show a guilts knowledge on the part of the prisoner. It was strongly ursed that the voluntary return of the prisoner from Rhode Island when he heard of the difficulty with regard to the bonds, was sufficient proof of his willingness to appear and stead his triat, if released on ball.

Mr. Geo. W. Blant, for the District Attorney, opposed the motion on the same ground upon which Mr. Justice Ingrahum dismissed tae previous application, viz. That the application should be made to the court in which the indictment was found and that no such application had been made to that court by the petitioner, although two terms had been held since uis commitment.

The Court after hearing the argument of Coursel.

been made to that court by the perturner, announced to terms had been held since us commitment.

The Court, after hearing the argument of Counsel, granted the motion and fixed the amount of ball at \$20,000. Up to a late hour in the afternoon the necessary surethes had not been presured.

O. L. Stewarf and John Graham for defendant.

SURROGATE'S COURT.

BERROGATE'S COURT.

Before Surrogate TUCKER.

The wills of the following deceased persons have been admitted to probate during the past week; Henry J. Kerr, Ellen Goetsehm, George M. Ziegler, Dani, Cromwell, ir., James Engsler, Mary Moore, Charles Baer schneider, John W. Smith, George B. Dixon, Jahe W. Popham. Letters of Administration have been granted on the estates of the following deceased persons: Wm. Brown, Frank Waldhert, Isabella Johnstone, Eliza Herron, Thomas J. Jackson, John Phayre, Alice Gray, Charlette J. R. Beecker, Peter S. Channecy, Henry M. Powler, Isane P. Fowler, Frederickin Gubring, festella Johnstone, Maria Kogel, Courad Kogel, James Mooney, Sarah Singson, Frank Sheoff, John Vogel, Ann Devine, Jos. Kellett, John Kemp, Maria Lurch, Ellen Owens, Henry Ritter.

COURT CALENDARS-THIS DAY. SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS. Held by INGRADAN, J.—Court opens at 10 o'clock a. m.

Cook agl. Herrick. 144 Godyer, jr., et al agt. Plo-MARINE COURT-TRIAL TERM. Held by HEARNE, I.-Court opens at 10 o'clock, a. w.

190 Kauffinger agt. Taylor.

art opens at 10 o'clock, a. u. Nis.
201—Schenek agt. Vuguania.
202—Conga agt. Broadway a.
202—Conga agt. Broadway a.
202—Metflania agt. Doc.
203—Metflania agt. Doc.
203—Metflania agt. Doc.
203—Metflania agt. Forest.
203—Schomo agt. Medeck.
203—Valentine agt. Valentin.
204—Schomos agt. Powber.
203—Strong agt. Valvallea.

BUSINESS OF THE COURTS FOR 1800.

BUSINESS OF THE COURTS FOR 1802.

Below is a statement of the amount of business transacted in the several Courts and offices connected therewith during the present year. Our law reporters are indebted to the judges, clerks and officers of the Courts for courtesies and facilities afforded them in the prosecution of their duties.

SUPREME COURT.

The Hon. George G. Earmard, presiding Justice, the Hon. Wm. H. Leonard (sitting this year in the Court of Appeals). Thos. W. Clarke, Josiah Sutherland and D. P. Ingraham Justices, John B. McKeon Clerk.—Circuit, Part I.—Titals by court and jury, 107; trials by court and jury walved, 23; inquests by court and jury, 8; inquests by court, 171; complaints dismissed, 24; causes referred, 21.

In consequence of the large amount of business in the various branches of this Court, Judges from other districts are compelled to sit in this every term.

A statement of the number of causes on the new general Calendars for 1874, will be published with the day Calendars for Monday, January 7, 1867.

Clerk, John Kempston.—Number of trials by Court and Jury, 121; number of trials by Court without Jury, 18; number of inquests by Court without Jury, 18; number of feature taken, 12; number of complaints dismissed, 48; number of eases referred, 8. No statement in this part made out by the Clerk.

the Clerk.

SUPERIOP COURT.

The Hon. Anthony L. Robertson, Chief-Justice; the Hons. John M. Barbour, Claudius L. Monell, Sammel B., Garvin, John H. McCunn, Sammel Jones, Justices; James M. Sweeney, Clerk; Joseph Meeks, Deputy.

GENERAL TERM.

Number of cases heard and decided, 219; number of motions heard and decided, 20.

Number of cases heard and decided, 219; number of motions heard and decided, 26.

SPECIAL TERM.

Number of motions heard and decided, including motions in Chambers, 5,500; number of naturalizations, 7,000-TRIAL TERM.

Number of causes tried, 432; number of inquests, 189; declaration of intentions by natives of freat Britain, 1,127; declaration by natives of other countries, 1,353; duplicate certificates furnished to parties losing their original certificates, 5,000; number of causes on calendar, 3,124.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

The Hon. Charles P. Daly, John R. Brady and Albert Cardozo, Judges; Nathaniel Jarvis, jr., Clerk; Thomas H. Landon, Deputy.

General Term. 76; appeals from judgments and orders at Special Term, 76; appeals from judgments of Marine and District Courts, 29. Special Terms. Causes on Jury calendars, 1,200; causes disposed of, 511; causes on calendar without a jury, 107; causes disposed of, 81; causes iried under law in relation to unsafe buildings, 19; writs of habeas corpus, and decisions thereon, 82; divorces granted, 31; chauge of manes, 13; inventories of properly assigned and assignees bonds filed, 39; original certificates of citizenship given to parties losing originals, 11,100; applications for pensions, arrears of pay, bounty and prize moneys, estimated at 12,000.

Thomas H. Landon, Deputy Clerk.

IN THE COURT Of APPEALS.

Aleany, Dec. 27.—Ordered, that the Calendar be first called at the next term of this Court on Wednesday, the 2d day of January next, and that no day-calendary.

be first called at the next term of this Court on Wednes-day, the 2d day of January next, and that no day-calen-dar be made up for Tuesday, the first day of the term.

CRIMINAL COURTS.

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS. [Before Justice Kelly.]

The list of offenders brought up for trial on The list of offenders brought up for trial on Saturday was rather larger than Saturday generally shows, and the variety, as well as the number of the offenses was rather out of the common order which on most days there is presented to the epicure in criminal trials, a surfeit of the two stapic dishes of petit larceny and assault and battery, with very little relief from any sort of side dishes. On Saturday last the calendar presented a most unusual, if not welcome, variety.

There were in all 46 cases brought forward for trial and septence. These were divided as follows: Petit larceny, 17; assault and battery, 14; keeping unlicensed satiors boarding-houses, 1; gaming, 5; crucity to animals, 3; obstructing railway, 1; vloiding health law, 1; rescuing a prisoner, 1; suspended cases, 6. Total, 46.

THE COLD DROVE HIM TO IT .- Wm. Cook was brought

seems that William, who is but filly provided with earmone to resist the cold winds of the last low drys, seeing a uninter of garments hauging up in front of the story of Mr. Hynes, enabledly was sched with a dealer to have a new cont. No sooner had the dealer seried him than he seized the cond, snatching it down from a pag where it haug in front of the store. William was, however, observed at this little epsenhation, and before he could get safely off he was pursued and apprehended. William was sent to the Peultenhary for four months.

A New Local way pursued and apprehended. William was larged to with the peultenhary for four months. seems that William, who is but ifly prov

MINOR ASSAULTS.—Frank Coffee for an assault on Oscar Steinfeld was fixed \$15 ... Patrick Rooney assaulted Edward Hayden, and got 29 days in the City Prison.

MINOR LARCENIES.-Ellen Lynch stelle a pocket-book from Frank Steinberg, and got three months... Thomas Wilson and Thomas McCormick stele an eak chair from Charles Gitlee, and got two months each.... Margarei Madden stole sheets, and got two months.... William O'Brien

THE TOMES POLICE COURT.

THEFT OF A HORSE AND TRUCK .- On Saturday night, Officer Glynn of the Sixth Precinct, arrested the property of John Sullivan of No. 63 Bayter-st., and valued at \$20. The horse and truck were left standing for a few moments by the owner, at the corner of Madison and James-sts, and it is obarged, were driven off by the accused. Justice Dowling committed him to the Tombs for trial. John Campbell, while driving a horse attached to a truck-

ATTEMIT TO PASS A FORGED CHECK. On Saturday afternoon Henry Simpson, a young German, who deafternoon Henry Simpson, a young German, who describes himself as a bookkeeper, residing at Ne. 76 Nassaust. Brooklyn, presented for collection, at the National Market Bank of this city, what purported to be a check for \$450, drawn by Messers. Board & Perry, down-town merchants. Simpson informed the paring teller, Mr. James Stivers, on presenting the check, that he had just received it from the above firm, at their place of basiness. On looking closely at the signature on the check, Mr. Stivers discovered that it was a forgery and caused the arrest of Simpson, by Officer Nichol of the Second Precinct. The accused was taken to the Tombs, where the members of the above firm appeared, and on their testimony that the check was a forgery, Justice Dowling committed Simpson to the Tombs for trial in default of \$1,000 ball.

ARRIEST OF A PICKPOCKET.—On Saturday afternoon,

while Mrs. Mary Schenck, a boarder at the Merchants' Hotel, in this city, was crossing on one of the Jersey City

cinct on Saturday arrested Daniel Fallon on the charge of cruelty to a borse which he was driving, attached to a licensed vendor's wagon. The animal was limping from the effect of a sore foot, and was otherwise unfit to labor. Justice Dowling held the accused to ball in the sum of

case of Charles G. Patterson of No. 22 Broad-st., who was arrested on Saturday, the 22d inst., on a charge of libel, preferred by Messra. Stokes and Abell, who are alleged to

ESSEX MARKET POLICE COURT.

AN UNINVITED VISITOR DURING DINNER,-

POVERTY AS AN EXCUSE FOR STRALING .- John Commetford was charged with stealing a cost, vest, pair of pantaloons and a silk dress, value \$55, from the residence of Josiah Webberley, No. 149 First-ave., and when brought before the Court he admitted his guilt, but pleaded poverty as an excuse. He was committed.

CRIME.

HOMICIDE IN THE EIGHTH WARD. A GERMAN SHOEMAKER MORTALLY STABBED IN HIS EMPLOYER'S SHOP.

Shortly before 7 o'clock on Saturday evening two waknown men, one colored and the other white, entered the shoe shop of Christian Manch, located in the basement of No. 16 Thompson st. None of the inmates were present at the time but a workman known as "Charley." The at the time but a workman known as "Charley." The proprietor had but a few moments previous stepped out to procure his supper. A man named Mason, employed in a stable in the vicinity, say the more enter the shop, and hearing loud talk a motion after stooped down, and looked through the glass door leading into the place. The party seemed to be quarreling about the price of a pair of boots.

party seemed to be quarrefing about the price of a pair of hoots.

But a few words had passed, when, to the horror of the looker-on, the negro drew a dirk knife from his pocket and stabbed the workman three times in the lower part of the abdomen, the right breast, and near the center of the breast. The wounded man at once fell backward to the floor, with the blood gushing from his wounds. The assultant at once field into the street, accompanied by his companion, and before the horrified witness could recover from his surprise at the suddenness of the occurrence, they had disappeared around the corner. Mason then gave the alarm, and information of the affair having been conveyed to the Station House, Capt. Mills at once dispatched two of his most skillful officers in pursuit of the men.

In the meantime the wounded man had been conveyed In the meantime the woman's man has a conceappar-to a drug store in the vicinity, but it was at once appar-ent to the attendant physician that there was no chance for his recovery. He was insensible when taken from the floor of the shoe-shop, and never recovered consciousness. Beath ensued in a few moments after being taken into the drug store.

the drug store.

The body was then taken to the Eighth Precinct Station-House in Wooster-st., near Prince-st., and yesterday

the drug store.

The body was then taken to the Eighth Precinct Station-House in Wooster-st., near Prince-st., and yesterday it was vis.led by Coroner Wildey.

His employer did not know the full name of the murdered man, he having been in his employ but a few days, nor where his friends or relatives lived. Mr. Manch believed, however, that he had friends residing an Brooklyn, but in what street he could not tell. He added that decamed had told hiu that, be tore entering his employ, he worked in a shop in Thirty fourth-st., between Eighth and Ninth-aves. Under these circumstances, Coroner Wildey deemed if best to remove the body to the Morgue, at Bellevue Hospital, for identification, and adjourned the inquest until Thursday next. Deceased was a native of Germany, aged about 23 years, and had been in this country nine years. He is about 5 feet 8 inches in hight, of medium build, has black hair, thin imperial, and is dressed in black fell hat, brown Cardigan jacket, black ribbed eassimere pantaions, white shirt, and boots.

Soon after midnight Detective Glynn of the Eighth Precinct arrested a colored man in the Fifth Ward on suspicion of being the murderer, but on confronting him with Mason, and the inmarkes of a shoe shop at No. 42 Thompsonest, which place the men had entered but a few moments before the assanit, they at once decided that he was not the man, and the suspected individual was accordingly discharged.

On Saturday night a colored man known as "Rummer Charley" was arrested by Detective Field of the Fifth Precinct for having seriously stabbed a man on the 10th of November last. Since his arrest, from facts that have since transpired, it is believed that he was concerned in the murder, and is accordingly hield to await further developments.

HEAVY FORGERY BY BOYS. \$8,000 PROCURED ON A FORGED CHECK-TWO OF THE

BOYS ARRESTED-\$6,300. OF THE MONEY RE-COVERED. For several months past Joseph Jacobs, aged 16

years, has been in the employ of Messrs. Messinger, Gillott & Co., dealers in live hogs, at the Communipaw Abattoirs, in New-Jersey, and has been in the habit of carry-ing large amounts of money and checks for the firm to and from the Fourth National Bank, located at the corner

or Nassan and Pinesse, where his employers kept an ac-count.

Recently young Jacobs became acquainted with two other boys of about his own age. One is named Edward J. Brown, and the other is only known as "Max," but is well known from having for a long time past sold papers in and around the Hudson River Railroad depot. Know-ing that Jacobs was intrusted with large sums of money by his employers, the other boys persuaded their com-

On Saturday, John O'Connar, an office boy in the employ of Mr. John Moulson of No. 26 Chilest., was ar-

sidewalk. Here they were caught. The "Christmas-tree stealers" were sent to the House of Refuge for one year cach.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—Joseph Saffe was charged by Timothy Fulvey with crucily beating his horse with a board, and then with a shovel. The prisoner did not deny that the "buste got ugly, and then I got ugly, and then I hit the ugly bacte across the head wid a shovel, and the ugly bacte across the head wid a shovel, and the ugly bacte across the head wid a shovel, and the ugly bacte across the head wid a shovel, and the ugly bacte across the head wid a shovel, and the ugly bacte across the head wid a shovel, and the ugly bacte across the head wid a shovel, and that all." The defendant, who was driver of a dirt cart, was fined \$15, which he soon found means to pay, and so escaped locking up.

A GAMBRING HOUSE.—Officer James G. Rusher complained that Mr. Henry Foster keeps a gambling house in Sixth-ave. He succeeded in producing sufficient proof, and the defendant was \$250.

ATTENTING TO RESCUE A PRISONER.—Mr. Peter Whalen was churged by Policeman Julian Marxani with attempting to rescue a prisoner from him, in which attempt he succeeded, with the help of confederates. Whalen was fined \$22.

MNOVE ASSALUES.—Frank Coffee for an assault on Oscar

Mrs. Curtis, residing at No. 60 Hudson-st., Ho oker, was rebbed of a fur cape valued at \$150, while walk og along the street on Friday night, and was not midd ware of her loss until the b d thirt had made good in scape. Mrs. C. accompanied her hudsand to Hodge's

During the fore-part of the week a sanctimonlous-locking individual called at Crishel's livery stable, No. 83 Washingtonest., Hosoker, and hired a valuable horse and light wagon, under the pretense of attending a funeral at Newark. The strateger, however, necketed to return, and Mr. Crishel offerne a reward of size for the recovery of his projecty. The following day a pretended horse-dealer from Buil's Hend returned the horse, harness, and wehicle, and demanded the 8500 reward, at the same time stading that he pareinsed the property for \$125, and learning through the advertisement that it was staden property, concluded to return it, and thus make the loss inchier. He also pretended to give information where the thief could be found, but this proved false, and the supposition is that he was a confederate of the thief.

EOARDING-HOUSE THIEF. BOARDING-HOUSE THIEF.

GAMING IMPLEMENTS SEIZED. - At an early hour on Sunday morning, acting Captsin Garland, accompanied by

EXCITEMENT OVER THE NEW-ULM TRAGEDY.

AN UNINVITED VISITOR DURING DINNER.—
John Wilkes was charged with burglary on complaint of
Lewis Samuels. The complainant testifies that on Saturday afternoon, while sitting at dinner in the basement of
his dwelling, No. 153 East Houston-st., he heard footsteps
in the upper rooms, where, on proceeding, he found the
prisoner, whom he pursued and had arrested, and took a
quantity of silver spoons, which he had stolen, and some
burglar's tools from his possession. The prisoner was
committed in default of \$1,000 ball.

Sr. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 23.—The New-Uin trageny
is causing great excitement in all that region, especially
at Mankato, where the lynched men resided and were
well known. A Mankato letter says the influential city
zens of New-Ulin have refused to allow the bedies to be
brought down for burial, and a large body of citizens
have started up with the determination to have them at
all hazards, and as they are well armed they will bring
them has keep are well armed they will bring
them has keep are well armed they will bring
them have cannot be a few or forcests in New-Ulin
Another collision is feared, as great exasperation exists
only the second of the se

on both sides. SHOCKING TRAGEDY IN GLASTENBURY, CONN. HARTFORD, Dec. 29.-Early last evening Lieut.

HARTFORD, Dec. 29.—Early last evening Lieut.
Robert Welles, son of Thaddeus Welles of Glastenbury,
shot himself through the head with a pistol, in his father's
sindy. He entered the room, pistol in hand, threw his
arm around his father's neek, klosed him, exclaimed
"Farewell," and, patting the pistol to his right temple,
fined, the bail possing through his head and into the bookcase. Lieut. Welles was highly esteemed and only 24
years of age. He gained his rank in the regular army,
Heavy melancholy, produced by the death of his brother
last Summer, by the explosion of an engine at Mare Island, California, is believed to have been the cause of his
rash act.

Boston, Dec. 29.—Last evening a hawker of goods known as the "rich pedier," was assaulted and robbed on the road between Marlborough and Southborough, by three footpads, of \$3,000 in Government securities and bank bills.

A POST-OFFICE ROBBED. WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.-The Post-Office at Chester, Pa., was broken open on Friday night by burglars ter, ra., was broken open on Friday ingut by outglars and every letter in the office opened and the contents abstracted. From the manner in which the robbery was committed, and certain other facts resembling the recent robbery at Port Deposit, Md., the two crimes are supposed to have been committed by the same party. A special officer of the Department has been sent to investigate the matter.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

THE WHISEY FRAUDS .- On Saturday last the cases of Davis and Cunningham came up before Commissioner Jones, and the parties consented to waive further exami-

Jones, and the parties consented to waive further exami-nation and give ball to await the examination of the Grand Jury in January.

The case of the United States agt. Henry Jackson, ar-rested for infringing the Internal Revenue law by distill-ing spirits under the pretense of manufacturing chloro-form, was concluded on Saturday, and Commissioner Newton held the accused to await the action of the Grand Jury. In the United States Circuit Court, before Judge Be

In the United States Urealt Court, below a single Jedet, on Saturday, the recognizances of Messrs. All Boehme, Rowe, and Schwabius were, on motion of District Attorney, declared forfeited, on account of non-appearance of the parties; but it is understood it the cases will not be pressed, inasmuch as the par have promised to appear in court on Thursday next. SPEAKER COLFAX-LECTURE AND RECEPTION

Speaker Colfax delivered his popular and interesting lee ure, "Across the Continent," in Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, Saturday evening last, to a very large and in-telligent andience. After the lecture the Speaker had a reception at the residence of Mr. Henry C. Bowen, on the Hights, where many prominent citizens, irrespective of party assembled.

THE EMERALD BALL.-The 29th annual ball in aid of the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society will be held at the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, on the 5th of January next. The most ample provisions are being made for the occasion.

THE EARLY-CLOSING MOVEMENT .- It is un-

erstood that the dry-goods merchants of the Eastern District, with one exception, will close their places of business at 7 o'clock, p. m., after the 1st of January. STREET COMMISSIONER'S APPOINTMENTS.—The newly elected Street Commissioner, Robert E. Furey, has made the following appointments: Deputy James McCauley; Chief Clerk, Charles B. Wylie; Clerk, John Claney; Foreman of Repairs, J. F. Farrell; Inspector of Flagging, Walter Long.

DANGERS OF CITY CAR TRAVEL .- A narrow escape from a serious accident was had on the Bleecker at line on Saturday. As one car came to a halt at the st. line on Saturday. As one car came to a last at the foot of Eim-st. hill, according to the running regulations of the Company, the ear following came down the hill at a rapid rate, and before the brakes could be sufficiently applied to stop the car, the horses dashed against the ear in advance, throwing it from the track. The passengers in the forward car, seeing the danger, had escaped by the front door or crowded to that end, and hence no person was injured. But how was it that one car was permitted to start down the steep declivity until the other was out of the way at the foot? THE STORM.

ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS—DETENTION OF BAILDOAD THAINS-A THAIN ON THE ECHENECTADY AND SARATOGA ROAD DURIED BUNEATH THE SNOW-SNOW BONES TWENTY FRET DEEP, &C.

IN TELEVISION TO THE M. V. TREBUNG. Troy, Dec. 23.-The city is still snow bound. No alus have renched as since Thursday afternoon. Yestertarty und also by the Bensselaer and Saratoga road, but in the last they were compelled to return after proceeding med Sar, to an allerion of the latter road, a loce mative and trains of the are recepted by harded in a snew bank, and and that it could be said. Communication by milited is not yet even in tracen this city in d'Albary. It is expected a train with gift yet almost by the inclose latter road to stay. There have not not it is road to low this city nearly to a not with a could be not in the extending for a long distance. Six loss moderns and the or three handsed man are end averaged to the train of the could be not be not country in the stay and scheduced will not be continued in the country to the lorse cars in the affects will not be the city ten is receased and entirely buried in a snow bank. ROCHESTER, Dec. 29.—The storm is over, but the rail, roads are not yet clear. No Albary train has been here in roads are not yet clear. No Albany train has been here in two days. The western division of the Central is clear.

Oswicio, Dec. 29.-The storm which has prevailed here duce Thursday morning has been of unusual severity The Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg and Reme and Oswego reads have been blocked up by the snow. The train which isft here for Rome yesterday morning get fast in a snowbark a mile and a half east of Mexico, where it was compelled to remain all night. There have been no trains here from Rome since Trursday night. On the Cswego and Syrachae road the trains get through, but this moraling they are several hours behind time. The weather to-day is more moderate. BUFFALO, Dec. 29 -- No trains have arrived or departed

Railroad. The track is expected to be clear to hight. The Lake Shore road, between Euffalo and Dunkirk, is abandoned for the present. Passengers going east from Cleveland are transferred to the Eric road at Dunkirk. The Eric road is unobstructed, and the through trains from New-York arrive on time. The Great Western and Grand Trank roads are unobstructed and running on their usual time. THE STORM AT HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, Dec. 29 .- Heavy gales from the south-east since Thursday night. Telegraph poles have been pros-

HEAVY STORM ON THE PACIFIC COAST. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 29 .- A terrible storm, lasting bout three hours, passed over Nevada on the 27th inst. Rain and hall poured down alternately, accompanied with flunder and lightning, flooding the streets and stores. Fences were heyeld to the ground, and large outs and pines snapped off as though they were pipe

THE WRECK OF THE COMMODORE.

STATEMENTS OF THE CAPTAIN AND PILOTS. The steamer Commodore, which went ashore on Long-Island shore during the gale of Thursday night,

The steamer Commodore, which went ashore on Long-Island shore during the gale of Thursday night, broke up on Friday afternoon and evening, and her cargo was scattered along the beach. Wreckers were at work on Saturday and yesterday saving such portions of the cargo as could be reached. The people of Hermitage, Long Island, were very kind to the suffering possengers, deing all in their power to render them comfortable until they left for New-York.

The following statements are made by the Captain and Pilots of the boat:

Capt. Curtis says: When the steamer left her wharf, foot of Courtlandtest, the weather was allittle hazy, with the wind to the weatward and the promise of a fine evening. Nothing worthy of mention transpired until lei-We were then 16 minures east of Paleon Island, when the squall struck us, and she breached to, sweeping away the coal in the starboard fireroom, the cast iron floor and the starboard smoke pipe. For half an hour I attempted to get her off before the wind, but finding this impossible, tried to get her off before the wind, but finding this impossible, tried to get her head to wind; but this could not be accomplished, on account of the gale and heavy sea. In this position she labored very hard until about 12 o'clock, when the other smokestack went overboard. We then differed at the mercy of the wind and the waves until she went inside the bar, where we anchored at 20 minutes to 2 o'clock. From the time that the smokestacks went overboard we had about 10 inches of steam, enough to work the donkey pump. We dare not increase the amount of steam for fear of fire. At this time we were not making water enough to fear danger from that source, but at 5 o'clock here and the panyes, several of the passengers assisting. The pumps were kept at work until she struck, when the water commenced making so rapidly that we shipped her cables and let her go ashore on the beach three miles west of florton's Point Light and not more than half a mile from themitage. The passengers were all landed safely at

was the best we could do, keeping her off on her usual course. We ran 30 minutes in this way, the boat unmanageable, the wheel and rate as archoard all the time, the seable nearly and washing across her and washing the freight overbeard. We then changed the wheel in that position, heading from west south-west to south south-west, that being as high as she could come up. The wind had then changed the she south west to south south-west, that being as high as she could come up. The wind had then changed a little on the starboard bow. The wheel was keep hard a port until we anchored. The anchor held the boat in that position until 3 of clock, when she spring a leak, when we slipped the starboard chains and parted the larboard chains. The leak gained so rapidly that it was bound impossible to keep the vessel affoat long, when we held a consultation and concluded it best to slip the chains and go ashore.

The engineer of the boat says: The engines worked well up to log o'clock, with 20 pounds of steam. About 10 o'clock, when we lost the smokestack on the starboard is the port boiler fire room. We kept the boiler full of water by means of the donkey and two blige pumps. These were worked by the main engine. We kept a good head of steam up on the starboard boiler until 1 o'clock, when the second smokerly went, the engines still worked well, and after we anchored they were worked to keep the boat up with the anchors. Capt. Curtis ordered the water to be let out of the starboard boiler so as to heel the boat in shore and land the passengers in safety. From 103 to the time we crossed the bar we had to hold the valves up with the starting bar, so that the steam would follow the piston the full length of the stroke; otherwise the engines would have stopped on account of the boat teng heed so that one wheel was deep in the water.

Many of the passengers in safety. From 103 to the time we crossed the bar we had to hold the valves up with the starting bar, so that the steam would follow the piston the full length of the stroke

THE WRECK AT HOLMES'S HOLE. BY TREESON TO THE TRIBETS.

HOLMES'S HOLE, Dec. 29.—The carved work of the arched board which came ashore at Lambert's Cove yesterday had the letters "Sylph" cut in the center in small letters. There also came ashore a sharp stern bout, painted black, trunks, rigging, sails, deck beams, part of house, &c. Probably the bark Sylph of Boston has gone to pieces and all hands are lost. The bark Argean of Providence is in Tarpaulin Cove with loss of mainmast. A hermaphrodite brig is sunk in Vineyard Sound.

MANAGERIVAL OF THE STEAMER MEXICAN. BALTIMORE, Dec. 29.—Some interest is felt for the safety of the steamer Mexican, which sailed from Liver pool on the 6th December for this port.

PROTECTION FOR LEATHER MANU-FACTURERS.

To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune SIR: The Tariff Question, now agitating the country and which is uner the consideration of the pre-ent Congress, is, to the leather manufacturing interest of the country, one of vital importance. We cannot con-tinue the buiness and pay all the taxes imposed on indus-try by the present Internal Revenue Laws unless we are afforded a protection from foreign manufactured goods,

afforded a protection from foriegn manufactured goods, that will at least place us on an equality, in our own markets, with foreign capitalists.

It is well known to the writer of this article that since 1846 the impurt duty on certain kinds of leather-has been increased only five per cent, while since that time there has been imposed on the raw stock and tanning material fully ten per cent; and during the last five years the cost of labor has increased at least onehundred per cent. Now when you remember that we have to pay an internal revenue tax of five per cent on the gross amount of our sales, you will see that I have not overstated the matter. We must have protection, or shut up our shops.

A LEATHER MANUFACTURER.

New-York, Dec. 29, 1866.

OUEENS COUNTY NEWS.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON THE LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.—On Friday afternoon, Mr. Rawdon, residing at Queens, formerly of the firm of Rawdon, Wright & Hatch, bank note engravers, while walking on the track near the above place, was run over by the express train going east, and injured so severely that he died in a few hours. Mr. R. was very deaf, and did not hear the approaching train.

SALE OF STEAMSHIPS BALTIC AND ATLANTIC.-These steamers, belonging to the American Lloyd Steamship Company, were sold at auction at the Merchants Excompany, were sold at auction at the Merchants Ex-change salesroom, on Saturday, to Capt. Isaac Taylor, who, it was stated, acted for the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. Previous to the sale the auctioneer announced that the purchaser would be obliged to take the respon-sibility of holding his claim against liens amounting to over \$1,000,000. The price paid was \$10,000.

NEW-YEAR'S AT THE CITY HALL .- His Honor Mayor Hoffman will receive his friends and follow-citizens at the Governor's Room, City Hall, on New Year's Day, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 1 o'clock p. m. THE MONEY MARKET.

MALES AT THE STOOK EXCHANGE.

U S & 1881 Coap Canton Eric 100. b19. c U S & 74 Coap 3.00. 47 190. b19. c U S & 74 Coap 3.00. 47 200. 83 c 200. 62 c 200. 62 c 200. 62 c 200. 62 c 200. 63 c 200. 64 c 200. 64 c 200. 64 c 200. 65 | Color | Colo

OPEN BOARD OF BROKERS-1 P. M. Union Navigation | Mich So & No Ind | Chie & North W | 500 | 1072 | 100 | b3 | 822 | 500 | 500 | 200 | 1078 | 100 | c 824 | 300 | s3 | 400 | 200 | 461 | 400 | 435 | 500 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 400 | 55 | 46½ Clav. & Pitta | 200 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ...

SATURDAY, Dec. 29-P. M. Gold has been firm all day and closes at 133; after selling at 122 a 134. The market is now largely oversold and is strong from this cause for the moment. The export of specie to-day was \$550,906,

Reading

and for the week, \$1,075,000.

Gold-bearing Government stocks are all up from et per cent, and upon quite small purchases. The 7.30s, are also higher and in good demand for temporary investments. North Carolina 6s rose 1 per cent. In railway mortgages a small business at former rates. The miscellanous list is more active. Cumberland Coal has got up to 90, an advance of 14 per cent since yesterday. It is dangerous to buy or to sell unless the stock is in band. Canton Company rose 3 per cent, Western Union, 11, and Adams Express, 7 per cent. Pacific Mail was especially active and sold at 167, an advance of 5 per cent. The general share market was feverish and showed no remarkable fluctuations in any direction. Erie was held firmly, but there was an abundance of stock to be had. North Western Preferred was dull, but some firmness was shown in the common shares. Fort Wayne was

long time. Great hopes are entertained of relief from Congress, but it is hard to see how that body can help people whose difficulties proceed from overtrading upon paper money, which, having performed its task, must now be retired. Help will be given to the public at large by reducing taxation to the point where nothing but interest on the national debt and the ordinary expenses of Government would be realized. This would cheapen the prices of commodities, stimulate production, and give fresh employment to labor; but it would not relieve people from the necessity of paying existing debts with commodities selling at half their cost. Relief cannot come by increasing the amount of irredeemable paper, and it is safe to assume that Congress will commit no such folly, but allow the policy of contraction adopted at the last session to continue in full force. All that is wanted in the way of new legislation is authority to the Treasury to pay such a commission as will change speedily the 7.30s into 5-20s, or an absolute long bond. at a less rate than 6 per cent, if it can be done. What is needed is a conversion of 7.30s and of compounds so rapid as to make it absolutely certain that no currency will be called for by the holders at maturity. The country has been damaged enough already by using the National debt as circulating money, and any price will be cheap which will convert debt calling for currency at maturity into funded debt, to be paid when the country recovers somewhat from the

losses suffered in suppressing rebellion.

A telegram from Washington says: "Mr. Hooper will bring up his bill providing that the National Bank currency shall not be increased over \$500,000,000, immediately after the helidays, and it with probably be passed."

If Mr. Hooper will press this bill successfully through, he will render the country a lasting benefit. In Freights the engagements to Liverpool are 506 bales of Cotton at id.; 2,900 boxes Cheese at 20s. and per steamer 3,000 bales of Cotton at 1-29-334. To London 180 tuns of Oil Cake at 22s. 6d. To Genoa 600 bbls. of Petroleum at 6s. To Marseilles 30 pkgs.

of Lard at id., and 26 hhds of Tobacco at \$11. Bills at 60 days on London are quoted at 108@108 for commercial, 100 a 109; for bankers'; do., at short sight, 110@1104: Paris, at 60 days, 5.17; @5.13; do., at short sight, 5.132 @5.111; Antwerp, 5.171 @5.161; Swiss. 5.17 @5.162; Hamburg, 38 @361; Amsterdam, 41; @ 413; Frankfort, 411@411; Bremen, 781@78; Prussian

thalers, 71, 2721.

Messrs. Fisk & Hatch give notice that they will pay the coupons, due Jan. 1, on the first mortgage hends of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, at their office, No. 5 Nassau-st., free of Government tax.